



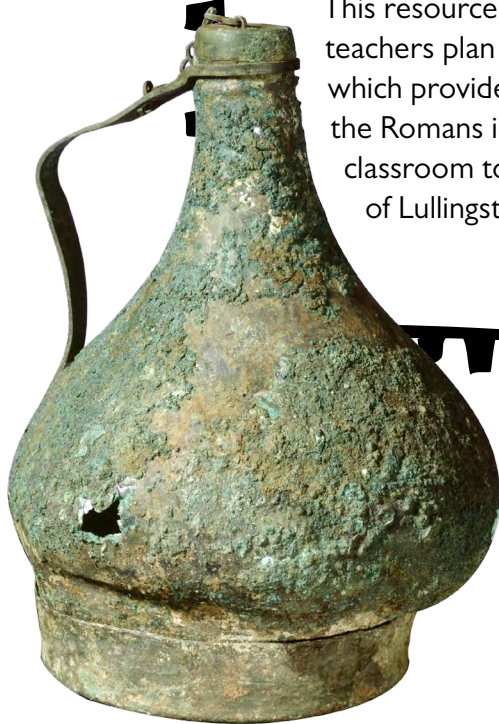
ENGLISH HERITAGE  
EDUCATION

KS2 & KS3

## TIMELINE

# Lullingstone Roman Villa

This resource has been designed to help teachers plan a visit to Lullingstone Roman Villa, which provides essential insight into the lives of the Romans in Britain. Use this timeline in the classroom to help students understand the story of Lullingstone Roman Villa.



Get in touch with our Education Booking Team

☎ 0370 333 0606

✉ [bookeducation@english-heritage.org.uk](mailto:bookeducation@english-heritage.org.uk)

👉 <https://bookings.english-heritage.org.uk/education/>

Don't forget to download our **Hazard Information Sheets** and **Discovery Visit Risk Assessments** to help with planning:

- Magic & Medicine
- Lullingstone Life

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*Step into England's story*

## ROMANS

AD 43 – 410

**AD 122–128**

Roman Emperor Hadrian built Hadrian's Wall on the border with Scotland.

**AD 140**

The Romans conquered Scotland.

**AD 211**

Britain was divided into two separate areas: Britannia Superior (Upper Britain) with London as its capital; and Britannia Inferior (Lower Britain), with its capital at York.

**AD 306**

Constantine became Roman emperor.

**AD 401-410**

The Romans left Britain. Anglo-Saxon migrants began to settle.

**AD 314**

Constantine ended the punishment of Christians in the Roman Empire and Christianity was made legal.

AD 43

AD 200

AD 300

AD 400

**c. AD 100–150**

A simple villa with wooden walls was built on a flint foundation.

A circular shrine was added close by.

**AD 275–350**

The villa was remodelled with a row of heated rooms replacing the earlier rooms, and extra rooms for the baths.

A granary and a mausoleum were built nearby.

**c. AD 150–200**

A bath suite was built and extra rooms were added. The owners were making their home more impressive. It might even have been Emperor Pertinax's country home, as suggested by a marble bust and engraved gemstone found at Lullingstone.

**AD 350**

A large, semi-circular dining room was built and floor mosaics were laid.

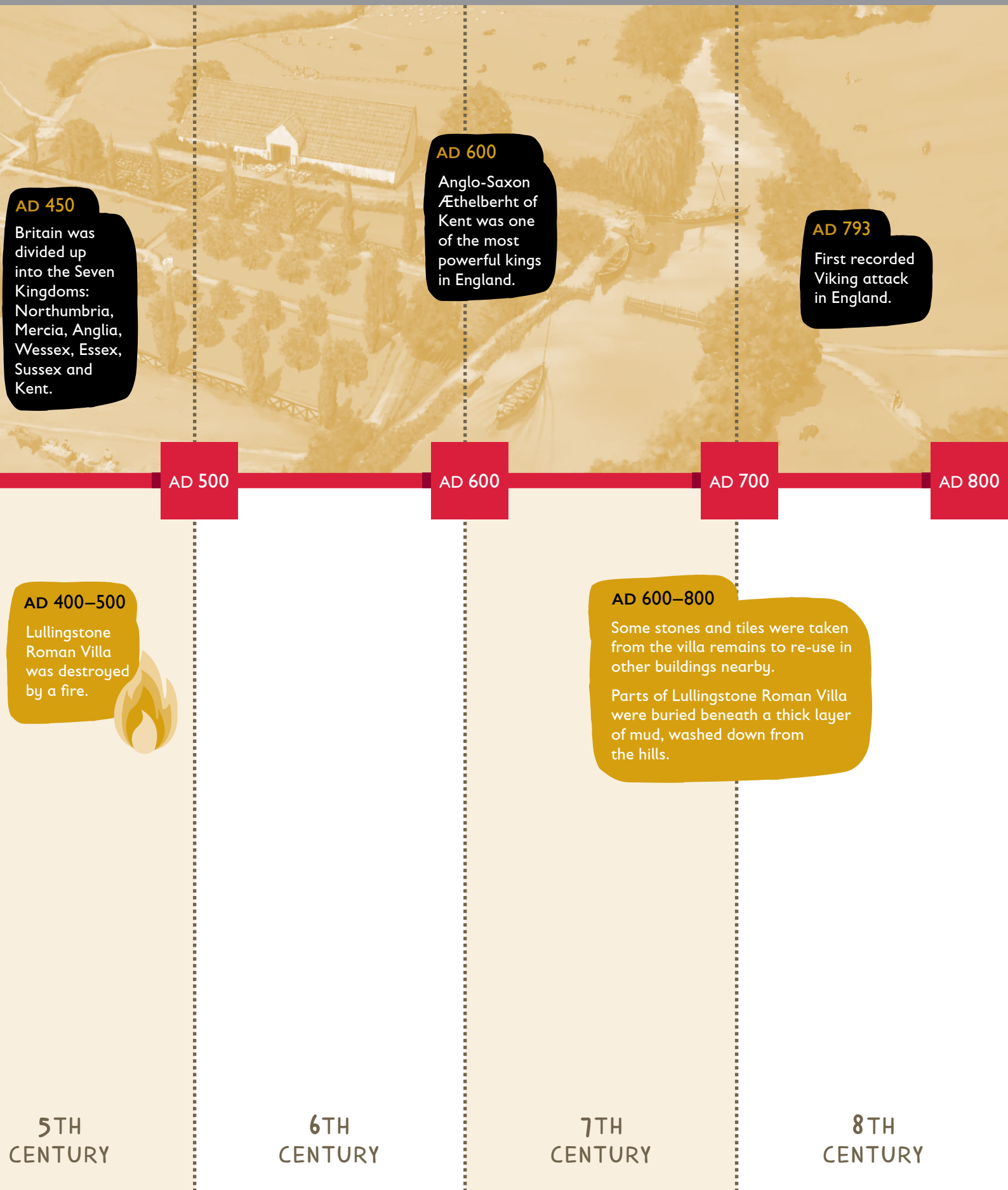
The heated rooms and cellar were converted into a house-church for Christian worship.

2ND  
CENTURY3RD  
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LULLI

# SAXONS

AD 410 – 1066



# LULLINGSTONE ROMAN VILLA TIMELINE